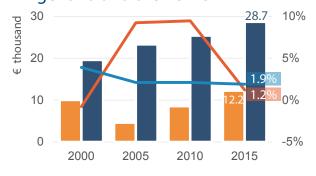




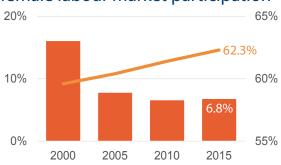
Argentina: Economic indicators and trade with EU

GDP per capita (€) and annual growth (%) in Argentina and the EU-28



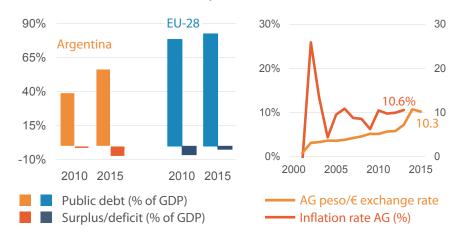


Argentina total unemployment and female labour market participation

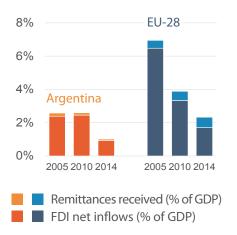


Total unemployment (left axis) Female labour force participation (right axis)

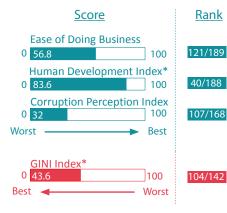
Public finances, monetary and financial data



FDI and remittances to Argentina and the EU-28



Argentina business environment and socio-economic indicators



Rank

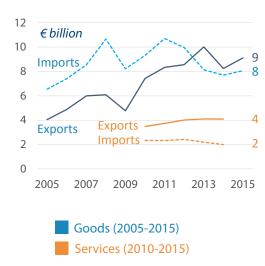
The Ease of Doing Business's 'distance to frontier' score assesses the overall level of regulatory performance of a country. It ranges from 0='lowest performance' to 100='the frontier', the best performance observed worldwide each year.

The Human Development Index (HDI) measures the average achievement in key dimensions of human development. It is based on life expectancy at birth, average duration of education and GDP per capita. It ranges from 0 to 100. 'High human development countries' (UN) are in the range between 70

The Corruption Perception Index measures the perceived levels of public sector corruption worldwide. Scores range from 0 (highly corrupt) to 100 (very clean). In 2015, two thirds of the countries scored below 50.

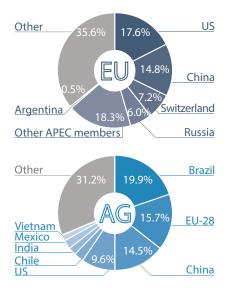
The **GINI Index** measures the deviation of the distribution of income among individuals or households within a country from a perfectly equal distribution. It is hence a measure of inequality in income distribution. A value of 0 represents absolute equality, a value of 100 absolute inequality.

EU trade with Argentina



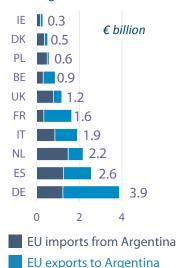
Main trade partners (2015)

Trade in goods, exports plus imports

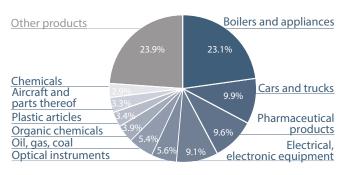


Top EU partners (2015)

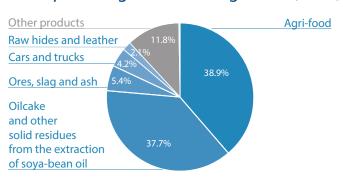
Trade in goods



EU exports to Argentina (2015)



EU imports of goods from Argentina (2015)

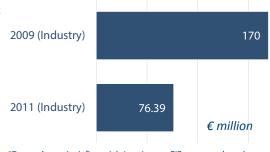


EU grants paid to Argentinian beneficiaries (2014)



Preferential loans to Argentina

EIB Finance contracts signed with Argentina 2009-2011 (€ million)*



*Due to Argentina's financial situation, no EIB contracts have been signed with this country since 2011, but after its return to the financial markets, operations are being planned again.

Notes

GlobalStat is a project developed by the European University Institute's Global Governance Programme (Italy) and the Francisco Manuel dos Santos Foundation (Portugal). Data sources for page 1: GDP figures, inflation and exchange rates are from IMF WEO (April 2016) and Eurostat (2016); Labour market data are from ILO KILM (2015); FDI and remittances data are estimates from World Bank staff based on IMF BoP data (2016); HDI and GINI indexes are from UNDP HDR (2015) and are re-scaled (*) from 0-1 to 0-100 for better comparability; CPI is from Transparency International (2015); Doing Business data are from the World Bank Group - Doing Business Unit (2016).

Data sources for page 2: EU trade with Argentina, Main trade partners (EU), Top EU partners (goods), EU exports to Argentina (%) and EU imports from Argentina (%) are from ComExt, Eurostat; main trade partners (Argentina) are from IMF; EU grants paid to Argentinian beneficiaries (2014) are from European Commission; Preferential loans to Argentina are from European Investment Bank (EIB).

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